



SAFETY DATA SHEET

AKCOBALT %4

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- 1.1. Product identifier
- Product name

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1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesIndustrial use.Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	AKPA KİMYA AMBALAJ SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
	Yenibosna Merkez Mah. Ladin Sok.
	No:36/70 Kat:12 34197 Townofis Bahçelievler, İstanbul, TÜRKİYE
	Web: www.akpakimya.com
	TEL: +90 212 580 55 59
	FAX: +90 212 580 55 21
	E-mail: info@akpakimya.com
Contact person	Export Department - export@akpakimya.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber

Emergency telephone

AKPA Kimya : +90 212 580 55 59

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Flam Liq. 2 H225
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Skin sens.1A H317; Eye Irrit 2 H319; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; Repr 2.
	H361; STOT SE 3 H336; STOT RE 2 H373
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Revision: 00



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Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting//equipment.
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
	P270	Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P301+310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician
	P302+352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405	Store locked up.
	P391	Collect spillage.
	P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate), toluene, kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

2.3. Other hazards

Contains

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures





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cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)			%15-20
CAS Number	136-52-7	EC Number	205-250-6
Classification			
Skin Sens. 1A;	H317		
Eye Irrit. 2;	H319		
Repr. 2;	H361		
Aquatic Acute 1;	H400		
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412		

toluene				%45-50
CAS Number		108-88-3	EC Number	203-625-9
Classification				
Flam liq. 2	H225			
Skin irrit 2	H315			
Asp. Tox. 1	H304			
STOT SE 3	H336			
STOT RE 2	H373			
Repr.2	H361			

kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized				%5-10
CAS Number		64742-81-0	EC Number	265-184-9
Classification				
Flam liq. 3	H226			
Skin irrit 2	H315			
Asp. Tox. 1	H304			
STOT SE 3	H336			
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411			

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General informationGeneral first aid, rest, warmth and fresh air. Do not give victim anything to drink if
they are unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery





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position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

- Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
- Skin contactIt is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off
immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get
medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
- Eye contactRinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open
eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention
if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
- Protection of first aidersFirst aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any
rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it
from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid
personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

InhalationA single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing.
Unconsciousness. Vapors may irritate the respiratory system. Frequent inhalation
of vapors over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

- IngestionMay cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause
discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
- Skin contactMay cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes
severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or
irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
- **Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.





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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing Media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition prod	ducts
	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures





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Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. **6.2. Environmental precautions**

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid or minimise the creation of any environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Use only non-sparking tools. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to the otherFor personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on
health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For
waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautionsRead and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as
described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and
animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid
discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions
have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without
protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.Advice on generalWash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing.

Advice on generalWash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing.occupational hygieneWash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using
this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and
using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities





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Storage precautions 7.3. Specific end use(s)	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Store away from other materials. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Name	STD	TW	A-8 h	STEL	15 min	Notes
Toluene	WEL	50 ppm (Sk)	191 mg/m³ (Sk)	150 ppm (Sk)	574 mg/m³ (Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

Eye/face protectionEyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment
indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face
protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting,





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chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

- Hand protectionChemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should
be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable
glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who
can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To
protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard
EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use
that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon
as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
- Other skin and bodyAppropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an
approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin
contamination is possible.
- **Hygiene measures** Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
- **Respiratory protection** Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Wear suitable mask. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14 387 and EN143. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
- **Environmental exposure controls** Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, füme scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties





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Appearance Colour Odour Melting point Flash point Bulk density Solubility(ies)	Liquid Violet blue Characteristic Not available No data available. Not available. Insoluble in water.
Viscosity Density	0,85-0,90 mPa.s (@20°C) 0,91±0,01 g/cm³ (@20°C)
9.2. Other information Metal content (%) Solid Content (%)	3,9-4,1% 20±2%
SECTION 10: Stability and re	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Not available.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decompositi	on products
Hazardous decomposition Products	Combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation





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11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information The product is not tested.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Genotoxicity - In Vitro - In Vivo Not available.

Carcinogenicity: Not available.

Reproductive Toxicity: Possible risk of impaired fertility.

Reproductive Toxicity – Development Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT - Single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: STOT - Repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation

A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing. Dizziness or unconsciousness.





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Ingestion

May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemicalburns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact

May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of entry

Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Medical considerations

Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

COBALT 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE (CAS: 136-52-7)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 – LD 50 >2000 mg/kg (dermal - rat)

kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (CAS: 64742-81-0)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 – LD 50 >5000 mg/kg (oral - rat) Acute Toxic Dose 2 – LD 50 >2000 mg/kg (dermal - rabbit) Acute Toxic Conc. - LC 50 > 5.28 g/m³/4h (inh-rat)

TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD 50 636 mg/kg (oral - rat) Acute Toxic Dose 2 - LD 50 12124 mg/kg (dermal - rabbit) Acute Toxic Conc. - LC 50 >26700 ppm/1h (inh - rat)

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity Toxicity

No data available





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Ecological information on ingredients.

TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3)

LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish 6, 3 mg/l Oncorhyn	ichus kisutch
EC 50, 48 Hrs, Daphnia 11, 3 mg/l Dap	uhnia magna
EC 50, 48 Hrs, Algae 125-160 mg/l Sce	nedesmus subspicatus
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	The product is easily biodegradable.
12.3. Bio accumulative potential	
Bio accumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water and may spread in the aquatic environment.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessi	ment

Results of PBT and vPvB	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
assessment	
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	May be hazardous to aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General informationThe generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.





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Disposal methods	Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed wasted disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers labelled with their contents. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of a fire. Do not cut or weld used containers unless they have been thoroughly cleaned internally.
SECTION 14: Transport in	
Section 14. Transport in	
General information	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1993
UN No. (IMDG)	1993
UN No. (ICAO)	1993
UN No. (ADN)	1993
14.2. UN proper shipping	name
Proper Shipping name (ADR/RID)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (TOLUENE, COBALT(II)-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)
Proper Shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (TOLUENE, COBALT(II)-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)
(IMDG)	
Proper Shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (TOLUENE, COBALT(II)-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)
(ICAO)	
Proper Shipping name (ADN)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (TOLUENE, COBALT(II)-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)
14.3. Transport hazard cla	ss(es)
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
	5

3

3

ICAO class/division





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14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	Ш
IMDG packing group	П
ADN packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what todo in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-E, S-E
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	3YE
Hazard Identification Number	33
(ADR/RID)	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according Not Applicable. to Annex II of MARPOL

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
	The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

mixtures (as amended).



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EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information Key literature references This SDS is prepared based on the information received from the product owner. and sources for data **Classification procedures** Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Skin sens.1A H317; Eye Irrit 2 H319; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; Repr 2. according to Regulation H361; STOT SE 3 H336; STOT RE 2 H373: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 (EC) 1272/2008 H412: Calculation method. Flam. Liq. 2 H225: Expert Judgement **Training advice** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material. **Revision comments** This is first issue. **Issued By** Ersen SAN - ersen@akpakimya.com +90 282 361 80 99 **Revision date** No. Revision 00 Supersedes date 29.05.2017 Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.





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H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.